# Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Summary (1-3)

Name of the bank: Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski SA (PKO Bank Polski)

Actual results at 31 December 2010	million EUR, %
Operating profit before impairments	1 496
Impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-440
Risk weighted assets <sup>(4)</sup>	35 540
Core Tier 1 capital <sup>(4)</sup>	4 202
Core Tier 1 capital ratio, % (4)	11.8%
Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark	

Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, excluding all mitigating actions taken in 2011	%
Core Tier 1 Capital ratio	12.2%

Outcomes of the adverse scenario at 31 December 2012, including recognised mitigating measures as of 30 April 2011	million EUR, %
2 yr cumulative operating profit before impairments	2 800
2 yr cumulative impairment losses on financial and non-financial assets in the banking book	-2 114
2 yr cumulative losses from the stress in the trading book	-9
of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock	-4
Risk weighted assets	35 673
Core Tier 1 Capital	4 340
Core Tier 1 Capital ratio (%)	12.2%
Additional capital needed to reach a 5 % Core Tier 1 capital benchmark	
Effects from the recognised mitigating measures put in place until 30 April 2011 (5)	
Equity raisings announced and fully committed between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011 (CT1 million EUR)	
Effect of government support publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)	
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1 capital ratio (percentage points of CT1 ratio)	

## Additional taken or planned mitigating measures

percentage points contributing

to capital ratio

Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical provisions)

Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011

Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future mandatory restructuring

not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules

Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuances)

Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (including hybrids)

Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate back-stop measures by

national supervisory authorities Supervisory recognised capital ratio after all current and future mitigating actions as of 31

December 2012, % (6) 12.2%

- (1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption and incorporates regulatory transitional floors, where binding (see http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-wide-stress-testing/2011.aspx for the details on the EBA methodology).
- (2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures.
- (3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to bank's other published information.
- (4) Full static balance sheet assumption excluding any mitigating management actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures and capital raisings fully paid in before 31 December 2010
- (5) Effects of capital raisings, government support and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011, which are incorporated in the Core Tier 1 capital ratio reported as the outcome of the stress test.
- (6) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 - Mitigating measures).

# Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Aggregate information and evolution of capital (1-4)

Name of the bank: Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski SA (PKO Bank Polski)

All in million EUR, or %

A. Results of the stress test based on the full static balance sheet assumption without any mitigating actions, mandatory restructuring or capital raisings post 31 December 2010 (all government support measures fully paid in before 31 December 2010 are included)

		Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario	
Capital adequacy	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	35 540	35 673	35 673	35 673	35 673
Common equity according to EBA definition	4 202	4 391	4 572	4 326	4 340
of which ordinary shares subscribed by government	0	0	0	0	0
Other existing subscribed government capital (before 31 December					
2010)	0	0	0	0	0
Core Tier 1 capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	4 202	4 391	4 572	4 326	4 340
Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	11.8%	12.3%	12.8%	12.1%	12.2%

# B. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010

		Baseline s	cenario	Adverse scenario		
Capital adequacy	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Risk weighted assets (full static balance sheet assumption)	35 540	35 673	35 673	35 673	35 673	
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully						
committed before 31 December 2010 on RWA (+/-)						
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	35 540	35 673	35 673	35 673	35 673	
Core Tier 1 Capital (full static balance sheet assumption)	4 202	4 391	4 572	4 326	4 340	
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010 on Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)						
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans						
publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	4 202	4 391	4 572	4 326	4 340	
Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	11.8%	12.3%	12.8%	12.1%	12.2%	

# C. Results of the stress test recognising capital issuance and mandatory restructuring plans publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011

		Baseline	scenario	Adverse	Adverse scenario		
Capital adequacy	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012		
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans							
publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	35 540	35 673	35 673	35 673	35 673		
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully							
committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on							
RWA (+/-)							
Risk weighted assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans							
publicly announced and fully committed before 30 April 2011		35 673	35 673	35 673	35 673		
of which RWA in banking book		30 803	30 803	30 803	30 803		
of which RWA in trading book		1 460	1 460	1 460	1 460		
RWA on securitisation positions (banking and trading book)		0	0	0	0		
Total assets after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans publicly							
announced and fully committed and equity raised and fully committed by							
30 April 2011	35 540	35 673	35 673	35 673	35 673		
Core Tier 1 capital after the effects of mandatory restructuring plans							
publicly announced and fully committed before 31 December 2010	4 202	4 391	4 572	4 326	4 340		
Equity raised between 31 December 2010 and 30 April 2011							
Equity raisings fully committed (but not paid in) between 31							
December 2010 and 30 April 2011							
Effect of government support publicly announced and fully committed							
in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on Core Tier 1							
capital (+/-)							
Effect of mandatory restructuring plans, publicly announced and fully							
committed in period from 31 December 2010 to 30 April 2011 on							
Core Tier 1 capital (+/-)							
Core Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects							
of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		4 391	4 572	4 326	4 340		
Tier 1 capital after government support, capital raisings and effects of							
restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		4 391	4 572	4 326	4 340		
Total regulatory capital after government support, capital raisings and							
effects of restructuring plans fully committed by 30 April 2011		4 808	4 990	4 743	4 757		
Core Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	11.8%	12.3%	12.8%	12.1%	12.2%		
Additional capital needed to reach a 5% Core Tier 1 capital							
benchmark							

		Baseline scenario			scenario
Profit and losses	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012
Net interest income	1 639	1 700	1 712	1 637	1 631
Trading income	20	21	21	16	16
of which trading losses from stress scenarios		1	1	-4	-4
of which valuation losses due to sovereign shock				-2	-2
Other operating income (5)	-163	-252	-254	-250	-251
Operating profit before impairments	1 496	1 469	1 479	1 403	1 397
Impairments on financial and non-financial assets in the banking					
book <sup>(6)</sup>	-440	-531	-578	-788	-1 326
Operating profit after impairments and other losses from the stress	1 057	937	900	615	71
Other income (5,6)	-29	-1	-1	-1	-1
Net profit after tax (7)	809	749	719	491	56
of which carried over to capital (retained earnings)	187	189	182	124	14
of which distributed as dividends	623	559	538	367	41

		Baseline se	cenario	Adverse scenario		
Additional information	2010	2011	2012	2011	2012	
Deferred Tax Assets (8)	17	17	17	17	17	
Stock of provisions (9)	1 222	1 753	2 332	2 010	3 336	
of which stock of provisions for non-defaulted assets	125	129	138	148	215	
of which Sovereigns (10)	2	2	2	2	2	
of which Institutions (10)	2	2	2	2	2	
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	5	5	5	7	11	
of which Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	117	120	129	136	198	
of which Commercial real estate (11)	0	0	0	1	3	
of which stock of provisions for defaulted assets	1 097	1 624	2 194	1 863	3 121	
of which Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	421	485	539	594	879	
of which Retail (excluding commercial real estate)	642	1 089	1 591	1 192	2 091	
of which Commercial real estate	27	40	52	51	93	
Coverage ratio (%) (12)						
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	29.4%	28.4%	27.1%	34.5%	43.1%	
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	52.2%	51.0%	51.2%	54.3%	62.8%	
Commercial real estate	11.7%	12.5%	12.7%	15.5%	21.8%	
Loss rates (%) (13)						
Corporate (excluding Commercial real estate)	1.1%	0.7%	0.6%	1.9%	3.2%	
Retail (excluding Commercial real estate)	1.4%	1.8%	2.0%	2.2%	3.6%	
Commercial real estate	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	1.3%	2.4%	
Funding cost (bps)	270			375	488	

### D. Other mitigating measures (see Mitigating measures worksheet for details), million EUR (14)

All effects as compared to regulatory aggregates as reported in Section	Baseline scenario		Adverse scenario		
C	2011	2012	2011	2012	
A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of					
countercyclical provisions), capital ratio effect (6)					
B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011,					
RWA effect (+/-)					
B1) Divestments and other business decisions taken by 30 April 2011,					
capital ratio effect (+/-)					
Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also					
future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission					
under the EU State Aid rules, RWA effect (+/-)					
C1) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also					
future mandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission					
under the EU State Aid rules, capital ratio effect (+/-)					
D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private					
issuances), capital ratio effect					
E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments					
(including hybrids), capital ratio effect					
F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate					
back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities, RWA effect (+/-					
F1) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as appropriate					
back-stop measures by national supervisory authorities, capital ratio					
effect (+/-)					
Risk weighted assets after other mitigating measures (B+C+F)	35 673	35 673	35 673	35 673	
Capital after other mitigating measures (A+B1+C1+D+E+F1)	4 391	4 572	4 326	4 340	
Supervisory recognised capital ratio (%) (15)	12.3%	12.8%	12.1%	12.2%	

- (1) The stress test was carried using the EBA common methodology, which includes a static balance sheet assumption (see http://www.eba.europa.eu/EU-widestress-testing/2011.aspx for the details on the EBA methodology).
- (2) All capital elements and ratios are presented in accordance with the EBA definition of Core Tier 1 capital set up for the purposes of the EU-wide stress test, and therefore may differ from the definitions used by national supervisory authorities and/or reported by institutions in public disclosures.
- (3) Neither baseline scenario nor the adverse scenario and results of the stress test should in any way be construed as a bank's forecast or directly compared to
- (4) Regulatory transitional floors are applied where binding. RWA for credit risk have been calculated in accordance with the EBA methodology assuming an additional floor imposed at a level of RWA, before regulatory transitional floors, for December 2010 for both IRB and STA portfolios.
- (5) Banks are required to provide explanations of what "other oparating income" and "other income" constitutes for.

### Composition of "Other operating income":

Net income from currency swaps not classified as hedge accounting: +16M EUR in 2010 / -20M EUR in 2011 / -22M EUR in 2012 (baseline scenario); +16M EUR in 2010 / -18M EUR in 2011 / -19M EUR in 2012 (adverse scenario).

Other income, including: fx gains, gains (losses) on financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss, net dividend income, net income from non financial operations: +103M EUR (constant, based on the level as at 2010).

# Composition of "Other income":

Share of profits in associates and joint ventures: (-)0.2M EUR

Net profit/(loss) attributable to non-controlling shareholders: (-)1,03M EUR

- (6) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D as other mitigating measures.
- (7) Net profit includes profit attributable to minority interests.
- (8) Deferred tax assets as referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010: "Basel 3 a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems".
- (9) Stock of provisions includes collective and specific provisions as well as countercyclical provisions, in the jurisdictions, where required by the national legislation.
- (10) Provisions for non-defaulted exposures to sovereigns and financial institutions have been computed taking into account benchmark risk parameters (PDs and LGDs) provided by the EBA and referring to external credit ratings and assuming hypothetical scenario of rating agency downgrades of sovereigns.
- (11) For definition of commercial real estate please refer to footnote (5) in the worksheet "4 EADs"
- (12) Coverage ratio = stock of provisions on defaulted assets / stock of defaulted assets expressed in EAD for the specific portfolio.
- (13) Loss rate = total impairment flow (specific and collective impairment flow) for a year / total EAD for the specific portfolio (including defaulted and non-defaulted assets but excluding securitisation and counterparty credit risk exposures).
- (14) All elements are be reported net of tax effects.
  (15) The supervisory recognised capital ratio computed on the basis of additional mitigating measures presented in this section. The ratio is based primarily on the EBA definition, but may include other mitigating measures not recognised by the EBA methodology as having impacts in the Core Tier 1 capital, but which are considered by the national supervisory authorities as appropriate mitigating measures for the stressed conditions. Where applicable, such measures are explained in the additional announcements issued by banks/national supervisory authorities. Details of all mitigating measures are presented in the worksheet "3 - Mitigating

## Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Composition of capital as of 31 December 2010

Name of the bank: Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski SA (PKO Bank Polski)

	Decem	ber 2010	
Situation at December 2010	Million EUR	% RWA	References to COREP reporting
A) Common equity before deductions (Original own funds without hybrid instruments			COREP CA 1.1 - hybrid instruments and government support measures other than
and government support measures other than ordinary shares) (+)	4 232	11.9%	ordinary shares
Of which: (+) eligible capital and reserves	4 460	12.5%	COREP CA 1.1.1 + COREP line 1.1.2.1
Of which: (-) intangibles assets (including goodwill)	-453	-1.3%	Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.5.1)
Of which: (-/+) adjustment to valuation differences in other AFS assets (1)	0	0.0%	Prudential filters for regulatory capital (COREP line 1.1.2.6.06)
B) Deductions from common equity (Elements deducted from original own funds) (-)	-30	-0.1%	COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
-,			Total of items as defined by Article 57 (I), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive 2006/48/EC
Of which: (-) deductions of participations and subordinated claims	-30	-0.1%	and deducted from original own funds (COREP lines from 1.3.1 to 1.3.5 included in
			line 1.3.T1*)
Of which: (-) securitisation exposures not included in RWA	0	0.0%	COREP line 1.3.7 included in line 1.3.T1*
		0.00/	As defined by Article 57 (q) of Directive 2006/48/EC (COREP line 1.3.8 included in
Of which: (-) IRB provision shortfall and IRB equity expected loss amounts (before tax)	0	0.0%	1.3.T1*)
C) Common equity (A+B)	4 202	11.8%	
Of which: ordinary shares subscribed by government	0	0.0%	Paid up ordinary shares subscribed by government
D) Other Existing government support measures (+)	0	0.0%	
E) Core Tier 1 including existing government support measures (C+D)	4 202	11.8%	Common equity + Existing government support measures included in T1 other than
, , ,			ordinary shares
Difference from benchmark capital threshold (CT1 5%)	2 425	6.8%	Core tier 1 including government support measures - (RWA*5%)
			Net amount included in T1 own funds (COREP line 1.1.4.1a + COREP lines from
F) Hybrid instruments not subscribed by government	0	0.0%	1.1.2.2***01 to 1.1.2.2***05 + COREP line 1.1.5.2a (negative amount)) not
			subscribed by government
Tier 1 Capital (E+F) (Total original own funds for general solvency purposes)	4 202	11.8%	COREP CA 1.4 = COREP CA 1.1 + COREP CA 1.3.T1* (negative amount)
Tier 2 Capital (Total additional own funds for general solvency purposes)	381	1.1%	COREP CA 1.5
Tier 3 Capital (Total additional own funds specific to cover market risks)	37	0.1%	COREP CA 1.6
Total Capital (Total own funds for solvency purposes)	4 619	13.0%	COREP CA 1
Memorandum items			
Amount of holdings, participations and subordinated claims in credit, financial and insurance			Total of items as defined by Article 57 (I), (m), (n) (o) and (p) of Directive 2006/48/EC
institutions not deducted for the computation of core tier 1 but deducted for the computation of	30	0.1%	not deducted for the computation of original own funds
total own funds			
Amount of securitisation exposures not included in RWA and not deducted for the computation	0	0.0%	Total of items as defined by Article 57 (r) of Directive 2006/48/EC not deducted for
of core tier 1 but deducted for the computation of total own funds	-		the computation of original own funds
Deferred tax assets (2)	17	0.0%	As referred to in paragraph 69 of BCBS publication dated December 2010 : "Basel 3
			- a global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems"
Minority interests (excluding hybrid instruments) (2)	0	0.0%	Gross amount of minority interests as defined by Article 65 1. (a) of Directive
Valuation differences eligible as original own funds (-/+) (3)	- 45	0.40/	2006/48/EC COREP line 1.1.2.6
valuation differences eligible as original own runds (-/+)	- 45	-0.1%	CORET III 1.1.2.0

#### Notes and definitions

- (1) The amount is already included in the computation of the eligible capital and reserves and it is provided separately for information purposes.
- (2) According to the Basel 3 framework specific rules apply for the treatment of these items under the Basel 3 framework, no full deduction is required for the computation of common equity.
- (3) This item represents the impact in original own funds of valuation differences arising from the application of fair value measurement to certain financial instruments (AFS/FVO) and property assets after the application of prudential filters.

# Results of the 2011 EBA EU-wide stress test: Overview of mitigating measures (1-2)

Name of the bank: Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski SA (PKO Bank Polski)

Use of countercyclical provisions, divestments and other management actions

Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure	Narrative description	Date of completion (actual or planned for future issuances)	Capital / P&L impact (in million EUR)	RWA impact (in million EUR)	Capital ratio impact (as of 31 December 2012) %			
A) Use of provisions and/or other reserves (including release of countercyclical provisions), (3)								
B) Divestments and other management actions taken by 30 April 2011								
1)								
2)								
C) Other disinvestments and restructuring measures, including also future in	nandatory restructuring not yet approved with the EU Commission under the EU State Aid rules							
7)								
2)								

Future capital raisings and other back stop measures

	Date of issuance	re l		Loss absorbency	Flexibility of	Permanence		Conversion clause (	where appropriate)	
Please fill in the table using a separate row for each measure	(actual or planned for future	Amount	Maturity	in going concern	payments (capacity to	(Undated and without incentive to	Nature of conversion	Date of conversion	Triggers	Conversion in common equity
Trease in in are table using a separate row for each measure	issuances, dd/mm/yy)	(in million EUR)	(dated/ undated) <sup>(4)</sup>	(Yes/No)	(Yes/No)	(Yes/No)	(mandatory/ discretionary)	(at any time/from a specific date: dd/mm/yy)	(description of the triggers)	(Yes/No)
D) Future planned issuances of common equity instruments (private issuan	ces)									
E) Future planned government subscriptions of capital instruments (includi	na hybrids)									
Denomination of the instrument								I		
2)										
F) Other (existing and future) instruments recognised as back stop measure	s by national super	visory author	ities (including	hybrids)						
1) Denomination of the instrument										
<u>&lt;</u>	-									
	1									

#### Notes and definitions

- (1) The order of the measures follows the order of mitigating measures reported in the Section D of the worksheet "1 Aggregate information".
- (2) All elements are be reported net of tax effects
- (3) If under the national legislation, the release of countercyclical provisions and/or other similar reserves is allowed, this figure for 2010 could be included either in rows "Impairments on financial assets in the banking book" or "Other income" for 2010, whereas under the EU-wide stress test methodology such release for 2011-2012 should be reported in Section D of the worksheet "1- Aggregate information" as other mitigating measures and explained in this worksheet.

  (4) If dated please insert the maturity date (dd/mm/yy) otherwise specify undated.

Name of the bank:

Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski SA (PKO Bank Polski)

All values in million EUR, or %

	Non-defaulted exposures											
	Corporate Retail (excluding commercial real estate) Commercial Real Estate								cial Real Estate	Defaulted exposures		
	Institutions	stitutions (excluding commercial real estate)		of which R mortg		of which Revolving	of which SME	of which other		Loan to Value (LTV) ratio (%) <sup>(6)</sup>	(excluding sovereign)	Total exposures <sup>(7)</sup>
Austria	58		1	0		0					C	
Belgium	10	0	1	1		0		C	C		C	11
Bulgaria	0			0		0		C			0	0
Cyprus	0	10	0	0		0	0	C	C		C	10
Czech Republic	0			0		0		,			0	•
Denmark	23			0		0		C			C	
Estonia	0			0		0					C	
Finland	5			0		0					C	
France	103			0		1	0				0	107
Germany	65			2		2		C			0	70
Greece	0	0	0	0		0	0	C			C	0
Hungary	0		0	0		0	0	C			C	0
Iceland	0			0		0					C	0
Ireland	1			1		1	0	C			1	4
Italy	83			1		1	0	C			C	84
Latvia	0			0		0					C	<u> </u>
Liechtenstein	0			0		0					C	
Lithuania	0			0		0		C			C	•
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0		0	0	С			C	0
Malta	0	_	0	0		0	0	C			C	2
Netherlands	7		1	0		1	0				Ü	7
Norway	1			0		0 450	0	C			0.400	25
Poland	933		23 471	13 757	56	6 456	3 258	C		83		41 472
Portugal	0		0	0		0		C			0	,
Romania	0			0		0					C	0
Slovakia Slovenia	5	v	0	0		0		C		1	1	
	5			0		0					0	5
Spain Sweden	1		1	0		0					0	<u> </u>
United Kingdom	142			39		13					1	195
United States	31			0		13	0				1	
Japan	0			0		0		C			0	
Other non EEA non	U	0	U -	U		0	U	ļ ,	1		· ·	1
Emerging countries	0	0	1	0		4	0			J		1
Asia	0		0	0		0					0	·
Middle and South	0		Ů,	0			0	1	1			•
America	0	0	0	0		0	0	0				
Eastern Europe non	0	0	U	U		- 0	0	1	1		-	1
EEA	60	0	1	0		0	0	0				61
Others	649	252	51	51		0	0				419	
Total	2 175		23 590	13 855		6 477		_			2 903	
	2113	1 331	20 000	10 000		0411	0 200		1 322	• 1	2 300	

#### Notes and definitions

- (1) EAD Exposure at Default or exposure value in the meaning of the CRD.
- (2) The EAD reported here are based on the methodologies and portfolio breakdowns used in the 2011 EU-wide stress test, and hence may differ from the EAD reported by banks in their Pillar 3 disclosures, which can vary based on national regulation. For example, this would affect breakdown of EAD for real estate exposures and SME exposures.
- (3) Breakdown by country and macro area (e.g. Asia) when EAD >=5%. In any case coverage 100% of total EAD should be ensured (if exact mapping of some exposures to geographies is not possible, they should be allocated to the group "others").
- (4) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm
- (5) Residential real estate property which is or will be occupied or let by the owner, or the beneficial owner in the case of personal investment companies, and commercial real estate property, that is, offices and other commercial premises, which are recognised as eligible collateral in the meaning of the CRD, with the following criteria, which need to be met:
- (a) the value of the property does not materially depend upon the credit quality of the obligor. This requirement does not preclude situations where purely macro economic factors affect both the value of the property and the performance of the borrower; and
- (b) the risk of the borrower does not materially depend upon the performance of the underlying property or project, but rather on the underlying capacity of the borrower to repay the debt from other sources. As such, repayment of the facility does not materially depend on any cash flow generated by the underlying property serving as collateral.
- (6) Loan to value ratio ratio of EAD to the market value of real estate used as collateral for such exposures. Given the different methodologies applied to assessing the value, the bank is required to explain the computation of the ratio. In particular (a) whether collateral values is marked-to-market or any other valuation method is used, (b) whether the amount has been adjusted for principal repayments, and (c) how guarantees other than the underlying property are treated.

#### Definition of Loan to Value ratio used:

Value for Residential Mortgages is calculated as marked-to-market, amounts are adjusted for principal repayments and other guarantees are not included. Value for Commercial Real Estate is estimated on pricing from the application of credit, amounts are not adjusted for principal repayments and it consists only from underlying property value (other guarantees are not included).

(7) Total exposures is the total EAD according to the CRD definition based on which the bank computes RWA for credit risk. Total exposures, in addition to the exposures broken down by regulatory portfolios in this table, include EAD for securitisation transactions, counterparty credit risk, sovereigns, guaranteed by sovereigns, public sector entities and central banks.

Name of the bank: Powszechna Kasa Oszczędności Bank Polski SA (PKO Bank Polski)

All values in million EUR

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EX		(gross exposures (long	DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES			
	Country, Nogion		of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book (3)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y	Austria							
10Y 15Y 3M		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y	Belgium							
15Y 3M 1Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Bulgaria							
3M 1Y 2Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Cyprus		0					0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5Y 10Y 15Y	Czech Republic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y	Denmark							
5Y 10Y 15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Estonia							
10Y 15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0

DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
Net position at fair values Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
,	,
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
-	
0	0

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EX- value gross of spe		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)					
	,g		of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book <sup>(3)</sup>		
3M 1Y									
2Y 3Y									
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Finland								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y									
2Y 3Y									
5Y	France								
10Y 15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y 2Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y	Germany								
10Y	-								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y									
1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y									
5Y	Greece								
15Y									
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0		
1Y 2Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y	Hungary								
10Y 15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y	leoland								
5Y 10Y	Iceland								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M		U i	U	U	U	U	U		
1Y 2Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y	Ireland								
10Y 15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y									
2Y 3Y	Italy								
5Y 10Y	italy								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
ш		U	U	U	U	U	U		

DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
0	0
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Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EX		NET DIRECT POSITIONS (gross exposures (long) net of cash short position of sovereign debt to other counterparties only where there is maturity matching)					
	County, Nogion		of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book (3)		
3M 1Y									
1Y 2Y 3Y									
5Y	Latvia								
10Y 15Y									
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0		
1Y									
2Y 3Y									
5Y	Liechtenstein								
10Y 15Y									
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0		
1Y 2Y									
3Y	Lithuania								
5Y 10Y	Lititania								
15Y							0		
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0		
1Y 2Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Luxembourg								
10Y	_								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y		•	•	-	•		-		
2Y									
3Y 5Y	Malta								
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0		
3M 1Y									
2Y 3Y									
5Y	Netherlands								
10Y 15Y									
3M		0	0	0	0	0	0		
1Y									
2Y 3Y	Name								
3Y 5Y	Norway								
10Y 15Y									
3M		0 2 513	0 964	0 2 513	9	0 1 539	0		
1Y 2Y		2 101 321	21 33	2 101 321	822 115	1 052 152	206 21		
3Y	Poland	181	31	181	126	23	0		
5Y 10Y	· oana	364 988	144 134	364 988	220 770	0 33	1 52		
15Y		94	80	94	13	0	1 281		
L		6 562	1 407	6 561	2 076	2 798	281		

DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK
Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
0	0
0	0
	H
0	0
U	U
0	0
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0	0
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0	0
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0	0
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-12	0
0	0
0	0
Ö	0
0	0
0	0
-11	0

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EX value gross of spe	KPOSURES (accounting cific provisions)	(gross exposures (long	) net of cash short posit	T POSITIONS ion of sovereign debt to naturity matching)	DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK	
	Journal y, riog.on		of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book <sup>(3)</sup>	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
3M 1Y									
2٧									
3 Y 5 Y	Portugal								
3Y 5Y 10Y 15Y									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y									
3Y 5Y	Romania								
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y									
2Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Slovakia								
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y									
2Y									
3Y	Slovenia								
I 10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y									
2Y 3Y									
3Y	Spain								
5Y 10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M									
1Y 2Y									
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Sweden			-	-	-	-		
10Y									
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M			Ů	Ů	Ů	Ü	Ü	- v	· ·
1Y 2Y									
3Y	United Kingdom								
3Y 5Y 10Y	-								
15Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
						•			•
	TOTAL EEA 30	6 562	1 407	6 561	2 076	2 798	281	-11	0

Residual Maturity	Country/Region	GROSS DIRECT LONG EX value gross of spe		(gross exposures (long	) net of cash short posit	T POSITIONS ion of sovereign debt to naturity matching)	DIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN DERIVATIVES	INDIRECT SOVEREIGN EXPOSURES IN THE TRADING BOOK	
Residua			of which: loans and advances		of which: AFS banking book	of which: FVO (designated at fair value through profit&loss) banking book	of which: Trading book (3)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)	Net position at fair values (Derivatives with positive fair value + Derivatives with negative fair value)
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	United States								
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y	Japan								
3M 1Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other non EEA non Emerging countries								
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Asia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15Y	ASId	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y	Middle and South America								
3M 1Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2Y 3Y 5Y 10Y	Eastern Europe non EEA								
3M 1Y 2Y 3Y 5Y		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5Y 10Y 15Y	Others	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	6 562	1 407	6 561	2 076	2 798	281	-11	0

#### Notes and definition

(1) The allocation of countries and exposures to macro areas and emerging/non-emerging is according to the IMF WEO country groupings. See: http://www.imfl.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2010/01/weodata/groups.htm

(2) The exposures reported in this worksheet cover only exposures to central and local governments on immediate borrower basis, and do not include exposures to other counterparts with full or partial government guarantees (such exposures are however included in the total EAD reported in the worksheet "4 - EADs").

(3) According to the EBA methodologies, for the trading book assets banks have been allowed to offset only cash short positions having the same maturities (paragraph 202 of the Methodological note).